

MA 242-010 Test 1

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1. Describe in words the region of space represented by the inequality $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 8z \leq 9$.
2. Consider the following vectors.
 - (a) Find $\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b}$.
 - (b) Find $|\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}|$.
 - (c) Does $\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}$ point up (toward the ceiling) or down (toward the floor)?
3. Consider the three points $(1, -4, 0)$, $(5, 2, 3)$ and $(-2, -4, 1)$.
 - (a) Find the equation of the plane that passes through these three points.
 - (b) Find the area of the triangle whose vertices are these three points.
4. Find the parametric equations of the line that passes through $(2, 0, -1)$ and is perpendicular to the plane $x - 5y = 3$.

5. Find any points of intersection of the line

$$x = 2, y = 1 - t, z = 1 + 2t$$

and the surface

$$z = x^2 + y^2.$$

Remember, your answer should be *points* (x, y, z) .

6. Consider the surface $z = 4x^2 + 9y^2$.
- (a) Find the trace in the xz -plane. Identify the curve (circle, ellipse, hyperbola, parabola, ...).
 - (b) Find the trace in the yz -plane. Identify the curve.
 - (c) Find the traces in planes $z = k$. Identify the curves. Consider separately $z > 0$, $z = 0$, and $z < 0$.
 - (d) Sketch the surface.
7. Consider the space curve $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle t, -t, t^2 \rangle$.
- (a) Show that this curve lies in the plane $x + y = 0$.
 - (b) Show that this curve lies in the surface $z = x^2$.
 - (c) Make a sketch that shows the plane $x + y = 0$ and the curve $\mathbf{r}(t)$.
 - (d) Find $\mathbf{r}'(t)$.